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	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
	09/769,245	01/26/2001	Jeffrey Ray Stout	BO 44277	5103
	466 75	90 01/14/2003			
	YOUNG & TI	HOMPSON			
		745 SOUTH 23RD STREET 2ND FLOOR	EXAMINER		
ARLINGTON, VA 22202			CHOI, FRAN		
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				1616	
				DATE MAILED: 01/14/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/769,245	STOUT ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Frank I Choi	1616			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the corresp ndence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10/3	3/2002 12/11/2002				
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	nis action is non-final.				
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3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.					
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received in Application	on No			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).					
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.					
Attachment(s)					
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 	5) Notice of Informal P	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Simone (US Pat 5,397,786) in view of Weinstein et al. (U.S. Pat. 6,013,290), WO 96/04240, Fang (U.S. Pat. 5,886,040), Webster's Dictionary (10th Ed.), Odian et al. (Schaum's Outline), Hultman et al. (U.S. Pat. 5,767,159) and St. Cyr et al. (U.S. Pat. 6,159,942) for the reasons of record set forth in the prior Office Action in further view of Krotzer et al. (US Pat. App. Pub. 2001/0008641) and the further reasons below.

Simone, Weinstein et al., WO 96/04240, Fang, Webster's Dictionary (10th Ed.), Odian et al., Hultman et al. and St. Cyr et al. were discussed in the prior Office Action and the same are incorporated herein.

Krotzer et al. teaches the use of creatine and phosphorus for body building in which the daily intake amount may be obtained by a single serving or by multiple serving, and that the most preferred serving for phosphorus is 2,690 mg (Paragraphs 0041-0042).

Examiner has duly considered Applicant's arguments but deems them unpersuasive.

In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re*

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Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986). Further, the test for obviousness is not whether the features of a secondary reference may be bodily incorporated into the structure of the primary reference; nor is it that the claimed invention must be expressly suggested in any one or all of the references. Rather, the test is what the combined teachings of the references would have suggested to those of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981).

In response to applicant's argument that it has different reasons for combining creatine, phosphorus and blood buffer, the fact that applicant has recognized another advantage which would flow naturally from following the suggestion of the prior art cannot be the basis for patentability when the differences would otherwise be obvious. See *Ex parte Obiaya*, 227 USPQ 58, 60 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1985).

Applicant argues that there is no motivation to combine the references, however, the prior art teaches that carbohydrates, buffers and phosphorus are necessary supplements for persons who are exercising to replenish energy stores and counteract increased blood acidity (See Weinstein et al., Column 4, lines 30-68, column 5, lines 50-58, Column 6, lines 7-14, 20-24). Applicant argues that one of ordinary skill in the art would not be motivated to add the claimed amount of phosphorus. However, as suggested by Krotzer et al., amounts falling within the scope of the claimed amounts are preferred for purposes of bodybuilding.

Applicant argues that it has shown synergistic and unexpected effects. However, the examples in the Specification related to specific formulations containing specific amounts of the specified compounds whereas the claims are far broader in scope. As such, said examples do not appear commensurate in scope with the claimed subject matter. Further, the examples in the

Specification appear to show an additive as opposed to a synergistic effect and, in any case, cannot show synergism as there is no data for power output for the combination of creatine and phosphate or creatine/phosphate/blood buffer and no data for AWC for creatine, phosphate or creatine/phosphate. Applicant argues that the references cited are silent on improvements of anaerobic working capacity, however, the prior art teaches that creatine and phosphate are used in an anerobic process to replenish ATP which is the cellular source of energy (See St. Cyr et al., column 1, lines 29-43, 60-64). As such, one of ordinary skill in the art would expect that anerobic work capacity would be increased.

Therefore, the claimed invention, as a whole, would have been *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, because every element of the invention has been collectively taught by the combined teachings of the references.

Conclusion

A facsimile center has been established in Technology Center 1600. The hours of operation are Monday through Friday, 8:45 AM to 4:45 PM. The telecopier numbers for accessing the facsimile machines are (703) 308-4556 or (703) 305-3592.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Frank Choi whose telephone number is (703) 308-0067. Examiner maintains a flexible schedule. However, Examiner may generally be reached Monday-Friday, 8:00 am -5:30 pm (EST), except the first Friday of the each biweek which is Examiner's normally scheduled day off.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's Supervisor, Mr. José Dees, can be reached on (703) 308-4628. Additionally, Technology Center 1600's Receptionist and Customer Service can be reached at (703) 308-1235 and (703) 308-0198, respectively.

FIC

January 8, 2003

JOHN PAK PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 1000

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